

**MASON'S**  
OK SAUCE  
THE COLD MEAT  
SPECIALITY

# Hongkong Daily Press

ESTABLISHED 1857

**DR. MOST VALUABLE ADVICE**  
See that it is entered on the  
CREDIT SIDE of your  
LEDGER OF DEBIT  
N. LAZARUS  
OPTICIAN & EYE DOCTOR  
11, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong

No. 19,480. 號四九千九百一第 日六廿月七年申庚 HONGKONG WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1920. 三拜禮 號八月九年九國民華中 Price \$3 per month.

**INTIMATIONS**  
**ALLSOPP'S**  
**BRITISH**  
**PILSENER BEER**  
BREWED AND BOTTLED AT  
**BURTON-ON-TRENT**  
SOLE AGENTS:  
**CAIDBECK,**  
**MACGREGOR &**  
**CO., LTD.**  
11, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL  
Tel. No. 71.

**CARTRIDGES!**  
NEWLY ARRIVED.  
Large consignment of RLEY'S  
SPORTING CARTRIDGES 12, 16,  
20, 25, 30, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080, 1090, 1100, 1110, 1120, 1130, 1140, 1150, 1160, 1170, 1180, 1190, 1200, 1210, 1220, 1230, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1270, 1280, 1290, 1300, 1310, 1320, 1330, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1370, 1380, 1390, 1400, 1410, 1420, 1430, 1440, 1450, 1460, 1470, 1480, 1490, 1500, 1510, 1520, 1530, 1540, 1550, 1560, 1570, 1580, 1590, 1600, 1610, 1620, 1630, 1640, 1650, 1660, 1670, 1680, 1690, 1700, 1710, 1720, 1730, 1740, 1750, 1760, 1770, 1780, 1790, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840, 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, 1890, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010, 2020, 2030, 2040, 2050, 2060, 2070, 2080, 2090, 2100, 2110, 2120, 2130, 2140, 2150, 2160, 2170, 2180, 2190, 2200, 2210, 2220, 2230, 2240, 2250, 2260, 2270, 2280, 2290, 2300, 2310, 2320, 2330, 2340, 2350, 2360, 2370, 2380, 2390, 2400, 2410, 2420, 2430, 2440, 2450, 2460, 2470, 2480, 2490, 2500, 2510, 2520, 2530, 2540, 2550, 2560, 2570, 2580, 2590, 2600, 2610, 2620, 2630, 2640, 2650, 2660, 2670, 2680, 2690, 2700, 2710, 2720, 2730, 2740, 2750, 2760, 2770, 2780, 2790, 2800, 2810, 2820, 2830, 2840, 2850, 2860, 2870, 2880, 2890, 2900, 2910, 2920, 2930, 2940, 2950, 2960, 2970, 2980, 2990, 3000, 3010, 3020, 3030, 3040, 3050, 3060, 3070, 3080, 3090, 3100, 3110, 3120, 3130, 3140, 3150, 3160, 3170, 3180, 3190, 3200, 3210, 3220, 3230, 3240, 3250, 3260, 3270, 3280, 3290, 3300, 3310, 3320, 3330, 3340, 3350, 3360, 3370, 3380, 3390, 3400, 3410, 3420, 3430, 3440, 3450, 3460, 3470, 3480, 3490, 3500, 3510, 3520, 3530, 3540, 3550, 3560, 3570, 3580, 3590, 3600, 3610, 3620, 3630, 3640, 3650, 3660, 3670, 3680, 3690, 3700, 3710, 3720, 3730, 3740, 3750, 3760, 3770, 3780, 3790, 3800, 3810, 3820, 3830, 3840, 3850, 3860, 3870, 3880, 3890, 3900, 3910, 3920, 3930, 3940, 3950, 3960, 3970, 3980, 3990, 4000, 4010, 4020, 4030, 4040, 4050, 4060, 4070, 4080, 4090, 4100, 4110, 4120, 4130, 4140, 4150, 4160, 4170, 4180, 4190, 4200, 4210, 4220, 4230, 4240, 4250, 4260, 4270, 4280, 4290, 4300, 4310, 4320, 4330, 4340, 4350, 4360, 4370, 4380, 4390, 4400, 4410, 4420, 4430, 4440, 4450, 4460, 4470, 4480, 4490, 4500, 4510, 4520, 4530, 4540, 4550, 4560, 4570, 4580, 4590, 4600, 4610, 4620, 4630, 4640, 4650, 4660, 4670, 4680, 4690, 4700, 4710, 4720, 4730, 4740, 4750, 4760, 4770, 4780, 4790, 4800, 4810, 4820, 4830, 4840, 4850, 4860, 4870, 4880, 4890, 4900, 4910, 4920, 4930, 4940, 4950, 4960, 4970, 4980, 4990, 5000, 5010, 5020, 5030, 5040, 5050, 5060, 5070, 5080, 5090, 5100, 5110, 5120, 5130, 5140, 5150, 5160, 5170, 5180, 5190, 5200, 5210, 5220, 5230, 5240, 5250, 5260, 5270, 5280, 5290, 5300, 5310, 5320, 5330, 5340, 5350, 5360, 5370, 5380, 5390, 5400, 5410, 5420, 5430, 5440, 5450, 5460, 5470, 5480, 5490, 5500, 5510, 5520, 5530, 5540, 5550, 5560, 5570, 5580, 5590, 5600, 5610, 5620, 5630, 5640, 5650, 5660, 5670, 5680, 5690, 5700, 5710, 5720, 5730, 5740, 5750, 5760, 5770, 5780, 5790, 5800, 5810, 5820, 5830, 5840, 5850, 5860, 5870, 5880, 5890, 5900, 5910, 5920, 5930, 5940, 5950, 5960, 5970, 5980, 5990, 6000, 6010, 6020, 6030, 6040, 6050, 6060, 6070, 6080, 6090, 6100, 6110, 6120, 6130, 6140, 6150, 6160, 6170, 6180, 6190, 6200, 6210, 6220, 6230, 6240, 6250, 6260, 6270, 6280, 6290, 6300, 6310, 6320, 6330, 6340, 6350, 6360, 6370, 6380, 6390, 6400, 6410, 6420, 6430, 6440, 6450, 6460, 6470, 6480, 6490, 6500, 6510, 6520, 6530, 6540, 6550, 6560, 6570, 6580, 6590, 6600, 6610, 6620, 6630, 6640, 6650, 6660, 6670, 6680, 6690, 6700, 6710, 6720, 6730, 6740, 6750, 6760, 6770, 6780, 6790, 6800, 6810, 6820, 6830, 6840, 6850, 6860, 6870, 6880, 6890, 6900, 6910, 6920, 6930, 6940, 6950, 6960, 6970, 6980, 6990, 7000, 7010, 7020, 7030, 7040, 7050, 7060, 7070, 7080, 7090, 7100, 7110, 7120, 7130, 7140, 7150, 7160, 7170, 7180, 7190, 7200, 7210, 7220, 7230, 7240, 7250, 7260, 7270, 7280, 7290, 7300, 7310, 7320, 7330, 7340, 7350, 7360, 7370, 7380, 7390, 7400, 7410, 7420, 7430, 7440, 7450, 7460, 7470, 7480, 7490, 7500, 7510, 7520, 7530, 7540, 7550, 7560, 7570, 7580, 7590, 7600, 7610, 7620, 7630, 7640, 7650, 7660, 7670, 7680, 7690, 7700, 7710, 7720, 7730, 7740, 7750, 7760, 7770, 7780, 7790, 7800, 7810, 7820, 7830, 7840, 7850, 7860, 7870, 7880, 7890, 7900, 7910, 7920, 7930, 7940, 7950, 7960, 7970, 7980, 7990, 8000, 8010, 8020, 8030, 8040, 8050, 8060, 8070, 8080, 8090, 8100, 8110, 8120, 8130, 8140, 8150, 8160, 8170, 8180, 8190, 8200, 8210, 8220, 8230, 8240, 8250, 8260, 8270, 8280, 8290, 8300, 8310, 8320, 8330, 8340, 8350, 8360, 8370, 8380, 8390, 8400, 8410, 8420, 8430, 8440, 8450, 8460, 8470, 8480, 8490, 8500, 8510, 8520, 8530, 8540, 8550, 8560, 8570, 8580, 8590, 8600, 8610, 8620, 8630, 8640, 8650, 8660, 8670, 8680, 8690, 8700, 8710, 8720, 8730, 8740, 8750, 8760, 8770, 8780, 8790, 8800, 8810, 8820, 8830, 8840, 8850, 8860, 8870, 8880, 8890, 8900, 8910, 8920, 8930, 8940, 8950, 8960, 8970, 8980, 8990, 9000, 9010, 9020, 9030, 9040, 9050, 9060, 9070, 9080, 9090, 9100, 9110, 9120, 9130, 9140, 9150, 9160, 9170, 9180, 9190, 9200, 9210, 9220, 9230, 9240, 9250, 9260, 9270, 9280, 9290, 9300, 9310, 9320, 9330, 9340, 9350, 9360, 9370, 9380, 9390, 9400, 9410, 9420, 9430, 9440, 9450, 9460, 9470, 9480, 9490, 9500, 9510, 9520, 9530, 9540, 9550, 9560, 9570, 9580, 9590, 9600, 9610, 9620, 9630, 9640, 9650, 9660, 9670, 9680, 9690, 9700, 9710, 9720, 9730, 9740, 9750, 9760, 9770, 9780, 9790, 9800, 9810, 9820, 9830, 9840, 9850, 9860, 9870, 9880, 9890, 9900, 9910, 9920, 9930, 9940, 9950, 9960, 9970, 9980, 9990, 10000, 10010, 10020, 10030, 10040, 10050, 10060, 10070, 10080, 10090, 10100, 10110, 10120, 10130, 10140, 10150, 10160, 10170, 10180, 10190, 10200, 10210, 10220, 10230, 10240, 10250, 10260, 10270, 10280, 10290, 10300, 10310, 10320, 10330, 10340, 10350, 10360, 10370, 10380, 10390, 10400, 10410, 10420, 10430, 10440, 10450, 10460, 10470, 10480, 10490, 10500, 10510, 10520, 10530, 10540, 10550, 10560, 10570, 10580, 10590, 10600, 10610, 10620, 10630, 10640, 10650, 10660, 10670, 10680, 10690, 10700, 10710, 10720, 10730, 10740, 10750, 10760, 10770, 10780, 10790, 10800, 10810, 10820, 10830, 10840, 10850, 10860, 10870, 10880, 10890, 10900, 10910, 10920, 10930, 10940, 10950, 10960, 10970, 10980, 10990, 11000, 11010, 11020, 11030, 11040, 11050, 11060, 11070, 11080, 11090, 11100, 11110, 11120, 11130, 11140, 11150, 11160, 11170, 11180, 11190, 11200, 11210, 11220, 11230, 11240, 11250, 11260, 11270, 11280, 11290, 11300, 11310, 11320, 11330, 11340, 11350, 11360, 11370, 11380, 11390, 11400, 11410, 11420, 11430, 11440, 11450, 11460, 11470, 11480, 11490, 11500, 11510, 11520, 11530, 11540, 11550, 11560, 11570, 11580, 11590, 11600, 11610, 11620, 11630, 11640, 11650, 11660, 11670, 11680, 11690, 11700, 11710, 11720, 11730, 11740, 11750, 11760, 11770, 11780, 11790, 11800, 11810, 11820, 11830, 11840, 11850, 11860, 11870, 11880, 11890, 11900, 11910, 11920, 11930, 11940, 11950, 11960, 11970, 11980, 11990, 12000, 12010, 12020, 12030, 12040, 12050, 12060, 12070, 12080, 12090, 12100, 12110, 12120, 12130, 12140, 12150, 12160, 12170, 12180, 12190, 12200, 12210, 12220, 12230, 12240, 12250, 12260, 12270, 12280, 12290, 12300, 12310, 12320, 12330, 12340, 12350, 12360, 12370, 12380, 12390, 12400, 12410, 12420, 12430, 12440, 12450, 12460, 12470, 12480, 12490, 12500, 12510, 12520, 12530, 12540, 12550, 12560, 12570, 12580, 12590, 12600, 12610, 12620, 12630, 12640, 12650, 12660, 12670, 12680, 12690, 12700, 12710, 12720, 12730, 12740, 12750, 12760, 12770, 12780, 12790, 12800, 12810, 12820, 12830, 12840, 12850, 12860, 12870, 12880, 12890, 12900, 12910, 12920, 12930, 12940, 12950, 12960, 12970, 12980, 12990, 13000, 13010, 13020, 13030, 13040, 13050, 13060, 13070, 13080, 13090, 13100, 13110, 13120, 13130, 13140, 13150, 13160, 13170, 13180, 13190, 13200, 13210, 13220, 13230, 13240, 13250, 13260, 13270, 13280, 13290, 13300, 13310, 13320, 13330, 13340, 13350, 13360, 13370, 13380, 13390, 13400, 13410, 13420, 13430, 13440, 13450, 13460, 13470, 13480, 13490, 13500, 13510, 13520, 13530, 13540, 13550, 13560, 13570, 13580, 13590, 13600, 13610, 13620, 13630, 13640, 13650, 13660, 13670, 13680, 13690, 13700, 13710, 13720, 13730, 13740, 13750, 13760, 13770, 13780, 13790, 13800, 13810, 13820, 13830, 13840, 13850, 13860, 13870, 13880, 13890, 13900, 13910, 13920, 13930, 13940, 13950, 13960, 13970, 13980, 13990, 14000, 14010, 14020, 14030, 14040, 14050, 14060, 14070, 14080, 14090, 14100, 14110, 14120, 14130, 14140, 14150, 14160, 14170, 14180, 14190, 14200, 14210, 14220, 14230, 14240, 14250, 14260, 14270, 14280, 14290, 14300, 14310, 14320, 14330, 14340, 14350, 14360, 14370, 14380, 14390, 14400, 14410, 14420, 14430, 14440, 14450, 14460, 14470, 14480, 14490, 14500, 14510, 14520, 14530, 14540, 14550, 14560, 14570, 14580, 14590, 14600, 14610, 14620, 14630, 14640, 14650, 14660, 14670, 14680, 14690, 14700, 14710, 14720, 14730, 14740, 14750, 14760, 14770, 14780, 14790, 14800, 14810, 14820, 14830, 14840, 14850, 14860, 14870, 14880, 14890, 14900, 14910, 14920, 14930, 14940, 14950, 14960, 14970, 14980, 14990, 15000, 15010, 15020, 15030, 15040, 15050, 15060, 15070, 15080, 15090, 15100, 15110, 15120, 15130, 15140, 15150, 15160, 15170, 15180, 15190, 15200, 15210, 15220, 15230, 15240, 15250, 15260, 15270, 15280, 15290, 15300, 15310, 15320, 15330, 15340, 15350, 15360, 15370, 15380, 15390, 15400, 15410, 15420, 15430, 15440, 15450, 15460, 15470, 15480, 15490, 15500, 15510, 15520, 15530, 15540, 15550, 15560, 15570, 15580, 15590, 15600, 15610, 15620, 15630, 15640, 15650, 15660, 15670, 15680, 15690, 15700, 15710, 15720, 15730, 15740, 15750, 15760, 15770, 15780, 15790, 15800, 15810, 15820, 15830, 15840, 15850, 15860, 15870, 15880, 15890, 15900, 15910, 15920, 15930, 15940, 15950, 15960, 15970, 15980, 15990, 16000, 16010, 16020, 16030, 16040, 16050, 16060, 16070, 16080, 16090, 16100, 16110, 16120, 16130, 16140, 16150, 16160, 16170, 16180, 16190, 16200, 16210, 16220, 16230, 16240, 16250, 16260, 16270, 16280, 16290, 16300, 16310, 16320, 16330, 16340, 16350, 16360, 16370, 16380, 16390, 16400, 16410, 16420, 16430, 16440, 16450, 16460, 16470, 16480, 16490, 16500, 16510, 16520, 16530, 16540, 16550, 16560, 16570, 16580, 16590, 16600, 16610, 16620, 16630, 16640, 16650, 16660, 16670, 16680, 16690, 16700, 16710, 16720, 16730, 16740, 16750, 16760, 16770, 16780, 16790, 16800, 16810, 16820, 16830, 16840, 16850, 16860, 16870, 16880, 16890, 16900, 16910, 16920, 16930, 16940, 16950, 16960, 16970, 16980, 16990, 17000, 17010, 17020, 17030, 17040, 17050, 17060, 17070, 17080, 17090, 17100, 17110, 17120, 17130, 17140, 17150, 17160, 17170, 17180, 17190, 17200, 17210, 17220, 17230, 17240, 17250, 17260, 17270, 17280, 17290, 17300, 17310, 17320, 17330, 17340, 17350, 17360, 17370, 17380, 17390, 17400, 17410, 17420, 17430, 17440, 17450, 17460, 17470, 17480, 17490, 17500, 17510, 17520, 17530, 17540, 17550, 17560, 17570, 17580, 17590, 17600, 17610, 17620, 17630, 17640, 17650, 17660, 17670, 17680, 17690, 17700, 17710, 17720, 17730, 17740, 17750, 17760, 17770, 17780, 17790, 17800, 17810, 17820, 17830, 17840, 17850, 17860, 17870, 17880, 17890, 17900, 17910, 17920, 17930, 17940, 17950, 17960, 17970, 17980, 17990, 18000, 18010, 18020, 18030, 18040, 18050, 18060, 18070, 18080, 18090, 18100, 18110, 18120, 18130, 18140, 18150, 18160, 18170, 18180, 18190, 18200, 18210, 18220, 18230, 18240, 18250, 18260, 18270, 18280, 18290, 18300, 18310, 18320, 18330, 18340, 18350, 18360, 18370, 18380, 18390, 18400, 18410, 18420, 18430, 1844



# HONGKONG HOTEL

18 DES VIEUX ROAD. Telephone 29

## HOTEL MANSIONS

\_\_\_\_\_



# PHASE AFTER ROBBERY ECHO OF APRIL CRIME INTERESTING STORY OF POLICE PERSEVERANCE

On April 13th last, an armed robbery was committed at No. 38, Catchick Street, Kennedy Town, by four men. They entered the house at about midnight. The only inmates of the house at the time, a cook and a 15-year-old boy, were awakened by the sound of the robbers breaking the door of the house, but before they could arm themselves, the desperadoes burst into their abode, armed with daggers. The cook was overpowered and bound and gagged without much difficulty. When they came to tackle the youth, however, the robbers met with stout resistance. They tried to drive him into the kitchen and lock him in there, but being a robust lad, he fought every inch of the floor, in spite of the odds against him. Then one of the robbers stepped in in the neck with his dagger, and the youth collapsed. Leaving him for dead, the robbers ransacked the house and made off with \$771 in property and money. Long after the robbers had departed, the cook managed to free himself and gave the alarm. The wounded youth was removed to the Government Civil Hospital, where, in spite of medical attention, he died soon after admittance from loss of blood. The Police followed up what clues they could get, but did not succeed in arresting any of the robbers. Then, about a couple of months later, the police received information that the robbers were located in a place called Saiwui, near Canton, but by the time detectives arrived there the hunted men had of the pursuit, and were no longer there. Nothing more was heard of them, and the case was given up as hopeless.

On Sunday morning one of the alleged robbers came down from Canton by train. Inspector Willis received information that same afternoon, and with some help, raided No. 6, Kennedy Street, Wanchai, and there arrested the man. When the place was searched, a fully loaded chamber revolver was found under the mattress of a bed. A further search resulted in the discovery on the premises of three pieces of stolen clothing, which were identified as the property of the inmates of No. 38, Catchick Street. Subsequently, when searched at the station, seven pawn tickets relating to seven other pieces of clothing, identified also as stolen from the same house, were found on the premises. These were recovered from various pawn shops.

Yesterday, the prisoner was brought before Mr. R. O. Hutchinson and formally charged with the murder of the youth U. Kwong, and armed robbery, together with three others who are not in custody. He pleaded "not guilty," and was remanded until September 14th, at 10 a.m.

## INDECENT ADVERTISEMENTS CHINESE EDITOR FINED

Inspector McKay, of the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs, summoned the editor of the San Po, a local Chinese daily, before Mr. N. L. Smith, yesterday, on the charge that he, on August 6th, had unlawfully published in the said newspaper certain indecent advertisements relating to some pills.

A representative of the newspaper appeared in Court and pleaded "guilty," on behalf of the editor. He said that the offence was committed through the carelessness of the sub-editor of the paper. The sum of \$25 had been served, he said, and the advertisement had been altered, and the editor regretted that the thing had happened.

Replying to the Magistrate, Inspector McKay said that the same paper had been fined \$5 some time ago for a similar offence.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$25, and cautioned the defendant to exercise more care in future.

## ROCK FALLS ON VICTORIA HOSPITAL

CARELESS BLASTING OPERATIONS.  
A Chinese contractor was fined \$10 by Mr. N. L. Smith, yesterday, for not exercising proper care during blasting operations. It was stated by the P.W.D. at the instance of which department the charge was made against the defendant, that a piece of rock fell on the roof of the Victoria Hospital, making a hole about one foot square. The covering which the defendant's folk used for the blasting was inadequate.

The Anglo-American Oil Company, Ltd. has made a gift of \$20,000 to the Weimin Yeh-shan Fund on the occasion of the unveiling of the statue to Abraham Lincoln at Westminster on July 24th.

## NEIGHBOURS DISAGREE CASE OF DISORDERLY CONDUCT

Mrs. Lisa Solomon, a Russian resident and her mother, were summoned before Mr. N. L. Smith yesterday by a Chinese woman living on the second floor of No. 114, Temple Street, for disorderly conduct.

The first defendant said that on August 30th, at night, her mother (second defendant) who was living on the first floor of the house in question, could not sleep owing to the noise created by the complainant after a game of musical chairs. Chairs were thrown about, and there was a lot of stamping of feet. Witnesses who happened to be in her mother's flat at the time, went upstairs and told the complainant to stop the noise, as it was past midnight. The complainant told her to mind her own business, and said that if her mother did not want to be disturbed, she should in future live on the top floor.

The complainant said that a few days before the trouble, Mrs. Solomon's sister came to witness a place at noon and accused her of having made a noise on the previous night, and warned her that she would have to stop it. Witness denied that she had made any noise, and that her words, after the girl left, Mrs. Solomon and her mother came upstairs and scolded witness, and dragging her downstairs they assaulted her, tearing her coat. Mrs. Solomon's mother held witness while Mrs. Solomon struck her with a stool. Witness had had a lot of trouble with the defendants since they came to live under her, and they had often assaulted her. On the night of August 30th, Mrs. Solomon again caused a disturbance in witness's place. This proved too much for her patience, and she used Mr. Solomon and her mother.

Mrs. Solomon denied that she had assaulted the complainant.

The Magistrate bound her and her mother over to keep the peace for six months in the sum of \$50 each.

Mrs. Solomon protested, saying that the complainant's husband had often challenged her mother to fight.

The Magistrate advised her to sue him if he did so again.

## CONFIDENCE TRICKS.

### FOOLISH WOMAN AND WILY MAN

A Chinese woman, living in Yungai, reported to the Police Station that on Monday that about 2.30 p.m., while she was out shopping, she met a man near Mongkok Market. He got into conversation with her, and she volunteered the information that he was a stranger, having arrived from Canton only a couple of hours ago, and produced what appeared to be a roll of bank notes and asked her to do him the honour of changing them into subsidiary coins, promising to give her a "cunahaw" for her trouble. She agreed. Before passing with the money, however, the man told her that she would have to give him some of her jewellery to hold as security. She handed him three pieces of jewellery valued at \$45. Handing her the money, the man told her to hurry as he had some pressing business. He promised to meet her at the place of their first meeting. When she got to the money, changer's and handed the roll of notes she discovered that she had been scammed. The notes turned out to be nothing more valuable than scraps of paper. She rushed back to the spot where she had left the man, but the latter had disappeared with her jewels.

## AMAB VICTIMISED

In another case an amah was the victim. She was sent out by her mistress to change \$10 worth of subsidiary coins. On the way she met a man who gave her a roll of bank notes, asking her to change them for him. She took out her wilets and left, after the man had disappeared with her mistress's money.

## ACCUSED BY PROXY.

### AND A \$5 FINE

Some amusement was caused in Mr. Hutchinson's court, yesterday, when a Chinese woman living in Wan Po was charged for having a dog without a licence.

The defendant denied that the dog was hers.

The Inspector said that when she was questioned by the Chinese detective she admitted ownership of the dog.

The defendant: "I did nothing of the sort. The dog belongs to the principal tenant of the house."

The Magistrate: "Why is she not here?" She said she was not.

"I can issue a warrant and make her appear, you know?" He was asking the responsibility in the case. "No," the principal tenant said. "I am not here."

The Magistrate: "What if the Court found her guilty? What do you say?" (Laughter.)

## ORGAN REHEARSAL

### POPULAR PROGRAMME AT ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL

Mr. Dennis Fuller's Organ Recital on Monday night was certainly popular in the sense of drawing a large and varied audience. Most of the pieces played were also popular in the sense that some times wrongly given to the term by the super-critical. As a term of abuse, Mrs. Brown, the well-known pianist, frequently her piano passages. How anyone can sing with gusto, tapping in his face is a mystery, but the well-known Spohr solo and the equally well-known "Abide with Me" were almost faultlessly rendered. The only "high-brow" item on the programme was of course the Bach D major with which it opened. The Prelude and Postlude (Bach) most exquisite organ composition, there is nothing so beautiful or graceful about it, but its superb modulations and perfect balance are an intellectual treat. As usual, Mr. Fuller played it with the utmost discrimination and restraint. The Fugue is one of those almost playful ones with perfectly straightforward first and second subjects and no artificial or clever complications, strangely reminiscent of a fugue in some key in the "Forty-Eight." Except for the delightful Gullman "Berceuse" (did Gullman know "Rock-a-bye Baby" or is the resemblance mere coincidence?), the remainder of the programme was familiar almost to tenacity. But we all love the old favourites and can appreciate the exquisite gradations of light and shade with which Mr. Fuller galvanised them to new life. How many of us had realised fully that bird-song at the end of Grieg's "Morning" for example.

Eggar's patriotic fervour leaves no cold or rather gives a hot feeling up the spine, as do Emorie Day and the Overland Club. However, it gave the Philistines something to whistle at as they battled for the Peak Tram.

## MUSICUS.

## PEAK RICHIA COOLIES AND A FARE

### INTERESTING CASE

Inspector Purden, of Mount Gough Police Station, yesterday, charged at the Magistracy two Richia coolies, playing for "Mire" on the Peak with (1) using insulting language, and behaving in a disorderly manner, and (2) refusing fares.

The prosecution story was that Mr. and Mrs. H. Dreyer came up on the 7.40 tram on Monday night. On arriving at the top station, Mr. Dreyer wanted to engage the first defendant's vehicle which was the only one on the stand at the time, but he refused. Mr. Dreyer pushed down the shafts of the richia and put Mrs. Dreyer in, and forced the first defendant to walk. Mr. Dreyer walking by the side of the vehicle. The first defendant used bad language all the way. When they got past the Peak Hotel, Mr. Dreyer saw the second defendant's richia. He beckoned to him, but the first defendant shouted out some thing and the second defendant dashed away. Mr. Dreyer chased after him and caught him to take him. Arrived at Mr. Dreyer's residence, No. 88, The Peak, Mr. Dreyer tendered the defendant the legal fare of 15 cents each, but the defendant refused to accept the money, so Mr. Dreyer took them to the station.

Mrs. Dreyer gave corroborative evidence and said that Mr. Dreyer had to hook the second defendant's leg with his stick before he stopped to take Mr. Dreyer.

Inspector Purden said that when Mr. Dreyer offered the defendant their fare at the station, they refused to accept the money.

Replying to the Magistrate, Mr. Dreyer said that he had had a lot of trouble with richia coolies on the Peak lately. While he would not say that the defendants were the guilty persons before, there were several coolies who were always making trouble.

The Magistrate: "There is nothing special against the second defendant. Now, the first defendant was the cause of all the trouble."

The first defendant said that Mr. Dreyer did not beckon to him, but struck him on the leg with his stick. That was not the way to engage a richia. He was playing for "Mire," and would have certainly taken Mr. Dreyer had he called him, but he did not.

The second defendant said that the first defendant did not beckon to him.

The Magistrate: "Then you did not say 'Mire' to him, did you?" The first defendant said that he did not say "Mire" to him, but that he did say "Mire" to the other defendant. The Magistrate: "Then you did not say 'Mire' to him, did you?" The first defendant said that he did not say "Mire" to him, but that he did say "Mire" to the other defendant.

## WEDDING

### STUART MCCUBBIN

Mr. Stuart McCubbin, yesterday, the bride was Miss Margaret Templeton, daughter of Mr. John McCubbin, with Mary, daughter of Mr. John McCubbin. The church was tastefully decorated for the occasion and was filled with a large number of relatives and friends of the contracting parties. The bridegroom being a popular and well-known footballer, and the bride an enthusiastic church worker. The service at church was fully choral. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attired in a gown of white silk georgette with white bead trimmings, a charming satin train embroidered with silver, was suspended from the shoulders, and the train, and a wreath of orange blossoms and white heather were surmounted with a tulle veil. The bride was attended by Miss Margaret Templeton. The bridegroom wore a tuxedo of pale blue with silver trimmings and a lace hat. Mr. George Gerrard acted as best man. After the ceremony the happy couple, who were the recipients of the good wishes and congratulations of many friends, left for the Repulse Bay Hotel for their honeymoon, the bride's going-away dress being of rose pink crepe-de-chine with lace to match.

Receptions will be held on September 24th and 25th.

## SEAFORTH HIGHLANDERS WAR MEMORIAL

We are asked by Major F. Fisher, M.S.V.R., of Kuala Lumpur, Federated Malay States, to give publicity to an appeal on behalf of the Seaforth Highlanders War Memorial.

During the War approximately 50,000 of all ranks served in the Seaforth Highlanders; of these over 8,000 were killed in action and a very large number seriously wounded and to be considerably handicapped on return to civil life.

It will thus be seen that there are two large classes to be cared for—the widow and her fatherless children and the wounded soldier with his impaired health and lessened capacity for making his way in the world.

The need of help is great and increasing and is of the most varied character. Every case is dealt with on its merits. The funds collected will be applied to the following purposes:

- (1) A comprehensive scheme of "Grants in Aid" for which at least \$40,000 is required. This sum judiciously administered over the next 40 years, should expand existing War funds sufficiently to meet all needs.
- (2) A subscription to the Scottish National Memorial, Edinburgh Castle Scheme.
- (3) Regimental Memorials (each memorial to be in the form of an Iron Cross, similar to that erected at Dingwall after the South African War) to be put up.
- (4) At the Point du Jour, Vimy Ridge, France.
- (5) At a site to be selected in the Regimental District.

There is a strong desire on the part of relatives and friends of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men who have been killed to institute a personal memorial which will perpetuate memories of those that are gone by helping those with whom they served. It is proposed to give effect to this by instituting a number of Memorial Requests of a minimum of \$100 each.

General subscriptions to the fund will be expended at the discretion of the Association Committee.

Memorial Requests (\$100 and over) will be expended on some specific object selected by the organisers of the memorial. The objects selected should be as general as possible, falling within the following headings: (a) Provision for dependents of deceased soldiers and sailors; (b) Assistance to married soldiers and sailors; (c) Members of specified communities, such as clubs, battalions, parishes, etc.; or (d) Be left to the discretion of Association.

All Sergeants and friends of the Regiment are urged to subscribe generously, and the sum required is large. This appeal is made for the Seaforths of every Battalion—Regular, Territorial and New Army—and to commemorate those who gave their lives in the Great War. They gave everything, so that are left can at least secure that their widows and heirs need never ask for charity nor feel the want of a natural protector so long as the Seaforth Highlanders' Association exists.

All subscription should be made payable to the Honorary Secretary, Seaforth Highlanders' Memorial Fund (Major F. Fisher, M.S.V.R., Kuala Lumpur, 17218 E.). All cheques should be crossed. All work in connection with the fund will be unpaid, but there will be a few small charges for stamps, stationery, etc.

## HOLSHVISM FOR NEGROES

The United States authorities have recently discovered a great conspiracy, organised at Moscow, to spread Bolshevism among the negroes of America. A special military secret police is said to have left Russia, disguised as a party carrying with him a large number of negroes, to be converted into under the propaganda purposes.

# LANE, CRAWFORD AND COMPANY

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A NEW SUPPLY OF

## JAEGER PURE WOOL

DRESSING GOWNS

CARDIGANS

WAISTCOATS

SWEATERS

SCARVES

AND

GOLF HOSE

ALSO

TRAVELLING

RUGS

IN ALL SHADES

AND ALL PRICES

PURE WOOL



## DOBBIE MCINNES, Ltd.

Binnacles, Boat Compasses, Barometers and Barographs.  
Chronometers, Clocks and Sextants.  
Engine Indicators, Revolution Counters and Telegraphs.  
Ship's Logs, Sounding Machines and  
R.O.T. Mercurial Barometers.

SOLE AGENTS

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HONGKONG

[469]

JUST RECEIVED

# BROADWOOD PIANOS

Specially made for this climate.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

[115]

# Powell Ltd

TELEPHONE 346

## GENTLEMEN'S NECKWEAR

We hold a very large and varied selection for you to choose from

Distinctive

Quality



Hand-made Silk Knitted in black and fancy colors.  
HIGH-CLASS OUTFITTERS.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

**ROYAL HONGKONG GOLF CLUB**  
**THE "OLD COURSE"** at PANLING  
 will be re-opened for play on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th.  
 L. S. GREENHILL,  
 Hon. Secretary.  
 Hongkong, September 7th, 1920. [1444]

## TO LET

**TWO STOBED HOUSE** (4 large and 2 small Rooms, Kitchen, servants quarters &c.), in Kowloon. Available from 1st November next.  
 Apply by letter to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. [1447]

## P. &amp; O. S. N. COMPANY.

**THE Steamship**  
**"JEYPORE,"**  
 5,200 Tons.  
 Is despatched for STRAITS PORTS, COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP direct.  
 on or about  
 MONDAY, the 13th SEPTEMBER.  
 For Freight apply to—  
**MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,**  
 Agents.  
 22, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.  
 Hongkong, September 7th, 1920. [1448]

## NOTICE

**THE GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.**  
**AN INTERIM DIVIDEND** of Fifty Cents per Share has been declared for the half-year ending 30th June, 1920.  
 Such Interim Dividend will be Payable on and after FRIDAY, 17th SEPTEMBER, 1920, at the Office of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.  
 The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from 6th to 16th September, 1920 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.  
 By Order of the Board of Directors,  
**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,**  
 General Managers.  
 Hongkong, August 31st, 1920. [1415]

## NOTICE

**HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.**  
**AN INTERIM DIVIDEND** of \$5 per Share has been declared for the half-year ending 30th June, 1920.  
 Such Interim Dividend will be Payable on and after TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th, 1920, at the Office of the Company, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.  
 The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th to 14th September, 1920 (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.  
 By Order of the Board of Directors,  
**J. H. TAGGART,**  
 Manager.  
 Hongkong, August 31st, 1920. [1401]

**PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON.**  
 Corner of Haiphong & Hankow Roads  
 Tel. 444. Tel. 4444. Room.

**TWO Minutes from Ferry and Railway Station.** This Hotel which has just been completely renovated and refurbished is now up-to-date in every respect and under English Management.  
 Outside under personal supervision of the Proprietor.  
**BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS.**  
 TERMS MODERATE.  
 Special Arrangement for Families on Application to—  
**J. H. OXBERRY,**  
 Proprietor.  
 [17]

**SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.**  
 31, PRATY EAST, HONGKONG.

**FOR the use of all Men of the Merchant Marine and R.M. Navy.**  
 Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room, Amusement Room, C.P.D.'s Room, Restaurant, Grand Hall, Church.  
 Private Cabins and beds in Dormitories.  
 Motor Laundry "Day-spring."  
 [78]

## JUST RECEIVED

**FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS.**

**THIS** is the year to have a good Garden. Plant lots of SEEDS and take good care of the Garden, then you will have every reason to be pleased with the result.

**GRACA & CO.**  
 No. 10, WINDHAM STREET, HONGKONG.  
 P.O. Box 620.

## INTIMATIONS

## NOTICE

**WE** have this day established ourselves as Consulting Engineers and Surveyors.  
**BEAT & MAY.**  
 13, Chater Road.  
 Hongkong, September 1st, 1920. [1406]

## NOTICE

**THE** interest and responsibility of Mr. WILLIAM BLAKESTONE HIND, a Partner in this Firm ceased as from the 31st August 1920.  
 Dated the 4th September, 1920.  
**GEO. K. HALL, BRUTTON & CO.**  
 [1435]

## NOTICE

**JOSEPH BROTHERS.**  
**I** HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I have returned to the Colony and that the Power of Attorney given by me on behalf of myself and my firm to Messrs. BRUNN, JULIAN and R.M.H. SCHULZ ceased to be effective as from the 6th August 1920.  
**E. M. JOSEPH,**  
**JOSEPH BROS.**  
 Hongkong, September 3rd, 1920. [1436]

## NOTICE

**THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.**

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

**THE TWENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING** of Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 3, Lower Albert Road, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the 21st day of SEPTEMBER, 1920, at 12.30 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 31st July 1920.  
 The SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th to 31st September, 1920, both days inclusive.  
 By Order,  
**M. MANUK,**  
 Secretary.  
 Hongkong, September 1st, 1920. [1431]

## G. B.

**QUEEN'S COLLEGE, HONGKONG.**  
**TERM COMMENCES MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th.**

**APPLICANTS** for admission should attend in the Great Hall at 9 A.M. on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th.  
 Prospectuses 1920-21 upon application to the Headmaster.  
 Hongkong, September 1st, 1920. [1437]

## G. B.

**PUBLIC AUCTION**

**THE** Under-signed have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on

**WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY**

September 16th, 17th and 18th, 1920,

at H.M. NAVAL YARD, Hongkong, and at Kowloon NAVAL DEPOT, commencing each day at 2.30 P.M. with an interval from 12 Noon to 1.30 P.M.

Old and Surplus

**NAVAL STORES, &c., &c.**

Comprising—Life Boats (wood and steel), Dingies, Whalers, Gigs, "Abcoons," Buoys, Boilers, Cooking Stoves, Ship Fittings, Iron Bed Mattresses and Springs, Tools, Ladders, Scaffolds, Ice Chisels, Steel Tanks, Life Batts, Electric Fans, Anchors, Lathings, Porcelain Water Closets, Wood Ladders, Carpets, Blankets, Counterpane, Electric Cables, Canvas Hoops, Coir Hawseas, Cordage, Paperstuffs, Canvas Bags, Old India Rubber, Old Leather, Old Iron, Brass Gun Metal and Steel, Coal, Ropes, Tins, Wood, Unused Steel Bolts, Tubes and Bolts, Gear, Davits, Iron Blocks, Ladders, Wood Deck, Nails, Screws, Galvanizing, Steel Oil Casks &c., &c., &c.

which may be inspected on TUESDAY, September 14th, 1920.

Also

Sale of Old and Surplus Victualling Stores at Kowloon on MONDAY, September 20th commencing at 9.30 A.M. and comprising—

"BLANKETS," SHAKES'S CLOTHING, PROVISIONS, &c., &c., &c.

Terms of Sale—To be called on Catalogue.

**HUGHES & HUGHES.**

By Appointment Auctioneers to the Admiralty.

1442

## G. B.

**PUBLIC AUCTION**

**THE** Under-signed have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on MONDAY

September 20th, 1920, commencing at 2.30 P.M. at the NAVAL YARD, Kowloon.

Old and Surplus

**VICTUALLING STORES.**

Comprising—

Blankets, Table Linen, Sheets, Red Covers, several lots, Electric plates, Hardwood, China, Glass, &c., &c., &c.

Remnants, Ropes and Duck, Great Cans, Duffle and Wadding, Clothing, Weighing Machines, Hair Beds, Mattresses, &c.

On view SATURDAY, September 18th, from 9 A.M. till Noon.

**TERMS—Cash.**

**HUGHES & HUGHES.**

By Appointment Auctioneers to the Admiralty.

1445

## PREPAID WANTED ADVERTISEMENTS

## ADVERTISEMENTS

**ADVERTISEMENTS** of the "Wanted" variety will be inserted under the above special heading at a charge of

**\$1.00 FOR THREE INSERTIONS**

if they do not exceed 25 words in number, and are prepaid.

An additional charge of 50 cents will be made if the instructions for insertion are not accompanied by cash.

Advertisers requiring their advertisements under this head must give instructions accordingly, otherwise the advertisements will be regarded as intended to be displayed and charged at the usual rates.

Letters are lying at this Office for

**MISS P. Q. AD. AF. AS. AU. AV. & AW.**

**WANTED**—Position by an EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, employed as present well conversant in Accounting and General Office Work. Good References. Moderate Salary expected. Apply Box AB, Daily Press Office. [144]

**WANTED**—A Second Hand PERAMBULATOR in good condition, suitable for child few months old. Apply Box AW, Daily Press Office. [69]

**UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.**

**THE CERTIFICATE** No. 1006 for one silver share No. 100 now converted into 5 gold shares in this Society standing in the name of Charles-Bruno ALBERTON of Alexandria has been LOST, and if at the expiration of one month from the date hereof the above document be not forthcoming the said certificate will be deemed cancelled and of no effect and a certificate for the 5 gold shares will be issued in its stead by the Society.

**PAUL LAUDER,**  
 General Manager.  
 Hongkong, August 14th, 1920. [1336]

**WANTED**—Position by an experienced Export man who is also well acquainted with F.W.Goods and General Import. Able to correspond in the most important commercial languages; perfect knowledge of Chinese. Can bring good foreign connections. No objection to outposts.  
 Apply Box 1355, Care of "Daily Press" Office. [1355]

**FOR SALE**

**NEW AND COMPLETE PLANT** including Whisky Table for crating and containing Ore. Just arrived.  
 For particulars apply to—  
**CARY & COMPANY,**  
 Machinery Department. [1396]

**FOR SALE**

**LAND** at Kowloon, about 16,945 square feet, in a very desirable position for European dwelling.  
 For full particulars apply to—  
**LINSTEAD & DAVIS,**  
 Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong. [1385]

**FOR SALE**

**NO. 1 STEWART TERRACE, 87, The Peak.**  
 Apply to—  
**HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.,**  
 Alexandra Buildings. [1391]

**BRITISH CONCESSION, SHAMSHU CANTON.**

**FOR SALE** LOT No. 62, immediately behind the Shamshu Canton, with an area of 19,845 square feet measuring 90 x 1044 feet, frontage to creek which is adjacent to Western Exit leading to Coast Road, North, Shamshu Railway and Grand Trunk Line to Hankow, now in construction.  
 Apply to—  
**HERBERT DENT & CO.,**  
 [1371]

**A. G. DA ROCHA**

**AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR AND GENERAL BROKER.**

Queen's Road Central, Telephone No. 2332.

**WEEKLY AUCTIONS**

**TUESDAYS—**

**MISCELLANEOUS GOODS**

**THURSDAYS—**

**VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**

**SATURDAYS—**

**EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE**

## INTIMATION

## Watson's

**PURE CARBOLIC SOAPS**

**Recommended by the Medical Profession.**

**SUPPLIED IN THREE STRENGTHS:**

**5% FOR TOILET USE**  
 Price: \$1.20 per box of 3 tablets.

**10% FOR THE BATH**  
 Price: \$1.75 per box of 3 tablets.

**20% MEDICAL BATH SOAP**  
 Price: 75 cts. per tablet.

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.**

**THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.**

**TELEPHONE 16.**

**BIRTH.**

**FRANKLIN.** On the 27th July, at Fowey, Cornwall, to Mary, wife of G. G. FRANKLIN, a daughter, stillborn. [1450]

**MARRIAGES.**

**CARRIE BROWN-BARHAM.** At Hampstead, on July 31st, COLIN WILLIAM CARRIE BROWN, B.F.A., only son of the late W. CARRIE BROWN, M.D., of Bath, only daughter of Mr. F. E. FOSTER BARHAM, of 3, Wedderburn Road, N.W.

**METHEUN.** At Hampstead, on July 31st, the Hon. ANTHONY PAUL METHEUN, second son of Field-Marshal Lord METHEUN, to GRACE, eldest daughter of RICHARD DURNING HOPE, of 63, Lowndes Square, and Liverpool.

**DEATH.**

**SUTHERLAND.** At 7, Buckingham Gate, S.W., on July 30th, MARY ALICE SUTHERLAND, beloved wife during 40 years of Sir THOMAS SUTHERLAND, G.O.M.G. of Buckingham Gate and Goldsmith Wood, West Sussex.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT.**

**Mrs. A. F. ANGLU** and family beg to tender their heartfelt thanks to all those who attended the funeral, and also to those who sent condolences in their recent sad bereavement. [1449]

**HONGKONG OFFICE: 10a, Des Voeux Rd., O. LONDON OFFICE: 131, FINS STREET, E.C.**

**The Daily Press.**

**HONGKONG: SEPTEMBER 12, 1920.**

**REGISTRATION OF SERVANTS**

It is many years now since the desirability of a system of registration of servants was pressed upon the consideration of the Government of this Colony, but the need for such a system has never been greater than it is to-day. A system of registration has been in operation in Ceylon since 1871 and appears to work very satisfactorily. It is in vogue in some Governments of India and we observe that the Anglo-Indian and Despatched European Association of Calcutta is pressing for an extension of the system to other portions of Bengal, where domestic servants are largely employed. In Hongkong one of the continually recurring stories which illustrate the great need which exists here for a system of registration, in the old days when the compulsory law of 1871 was in force, was that a servant, a woman, was

found to be a registered servant in the Colony and it was not surprising that since that system was abandoned the standard of efficiency and responsibility among domestic servants has steadily degenerated while the scale of wages has steadily increased. The system of registration as it works in Ceylon is that an official known as the Registrar of Domestic Servants keeps a register of all domestic servants employed within his town or district, and he has to enter therein the names of all the servants, the capacities in which they are employed at the time of such registration, the date of their several engagements and such memoranda of their previous service or antecedents as they may desire to have recorded in the register. But the Registrar must satisfy himself as to the credibility of the statements made to him. Any person who may not have been a domestic servant before but who is desirous of entering domestic service, has to submit an application to the Registrar, and if the Registrar is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the applicant is a fit and proper person to enter domestic service he shall enter his name in the register, recording what he has been able to learn respecting the person's antecedents together with the names of any persons who are willing to certify as to his respectability. If the applicant is unable to produce satisfactory or sufficient evidence as to his fitness for domestic service, the Registrar may grant him a "provisional" registration to be thereafter converted into "confirmed" registration according to the result of his subsequent service. If the Registrar is satisfied that the applicant is not a fit and proper person he may withhold registration altogether but in such a case he must report his refusal to register to the Inspector-General of Police. Every person whose name has been registered in the general registry is given a pocket register containing the full particulars of the record made in the general registry. No person has engaged a servant who fails to produce his pocket register or whose pocket register does not record the termination of his last previous service, if any. On engaging a servant the master has to enter forthwith in the pocket register the date and capacity in which such servant is engaged, and cause the servant to attend personally at the Registrar's office to have such entry inserted in the general registry. Similarly, in case the master discharges a servant he must insert in the pocket register the date and cause of his discharge and the character of the servant, provided that if for any reason he is unwilling to give the servant a character or to state the cause of his discharge he may decline to do so, but in such a case he must furnish to the Registrar in writing his reasons for so refusing. If the servant on dismissal fails to produce his pocket register the master must notify that fact to the Registrar. Whenever any fresh entry is made in the pocket register the servant is bound to attend the Registrar's office to have such an entry recorded in the general registry. Every servant whose name is registered shall, if he subsequently enters service in any place not under the operation of the Ordinances, attend personally at the nearest police station on his entering or leaving such service and produce his pocket register to the principal officer of police at such station in order to enable the police officer to record the commencement or termination of the service. The police officer has then to communicate it to the Registrar of the town or district in which such servant was originally registered.

It is obvious that where such a system as this prevails it must ensure a supply of servants which are at once trustworthy and efficient. In Hongkong there is, in the first place, great difficulty in procuring efficient servants, and there is seldom obtainable any satisfactory guarantee of the honesty and trustworthiness of the person engaged. Either they have no written testimonials of any value, or else they exhibit borrowed or stolen certificates, the true ownership of which it is not easy to detect. We infrequently had characters obtain certificates or "book-holds" by these means and the first hint of the fact is given by the discovery of the sudden falling of the newly engaged servants with a collection of valuable. How many cases of this kind have occurred in the Colony in the last ten years? How the Anglo-Indian and Despatched European Association of Calcutta is pressing for an extension of the system to other portions of Bengal, where domestic servants are largely employed. In Hongkong one of the continually recurring stories which illustrate the great need which exists here for a system of registration, in the old days when the compulsory law of 1871 was in force, was that a servant, a woman, was

found to be a registered servant in the Colony and it was not surprising that since that system was abandoned the standard of efficiency and responsibility among domestic servants has steadily degenerated while the scale of wages has steadily increased. The system of registration as it works in Ceylon is that an official known as the Registrar of Domestic Servants keeps a register of all domestic servants employed within his town or district, and he has to enter therein the names of all the servants, the capacities in which they are employed at the time of such registration, the date of their several engagements and such memoranda of their previous service or antecedents as they may desire to have recorded in the register. But the Registrar must satisfy himself as to the credibility of the statements made to him. Any person who may not have been a domestic servant before but who is desirous of entering domestic service, has to submit an application to the Registrar, and if the Registrar is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the applicant is a fit and proper person to enter domestic service he shall enter his name in the register, recording what he has been able to learn respecting the person's antecedents together with the names of any persons who are willing to certify as to his respectability. If the applicant is unable to produce satisfactory or sufficient evidence as to his fitness for domestic service, the Registrar may grant him a "provisional" registration to be thereafter converted into "confirmed" registration according to the result of his subsequent service. If the Registrar is satisfied that the applicant is not a fit and proper person he may withhold registration altogether but in such a case he must report his refusal to register to the Inspector-General of Police. Every person whose name has been registered in the general registry is given a pocket register containing the full particulars of the record made in the general registry. No person has engaged a servant who fails to produce his pocket register or whose pocket register does not record the termination of his last previous service, if any. On engaging a servant the master has to enter forthwith in the pocket register the date and capacity in which such servant is engaged, and cause the servant to attend personally at the Registrar's office to have such entry inserted in the general registry. Similarly, in case the master discharges a servant he must insert in the pocket register the date and cause of his discharge and the character of the servant, provided that if for any reason he is unwilling to give the servant a character or to state the cause of his discharge he may decline to do so, but in such a case he must furnish to the Registrar in writing his reasons for so refusing. If the servant on dismissal fails to produce his pocket register the master must notify that fact to the Registrar. Whenever any fresh entry is made in the pocket register the servant is bound to attend the Registrar's office to have such an entry recorded in the general registry. Every servant whose name is registered shall, if he subsequently enters service in any place not under the operation of the Ordinances, attend personally at the nearest police station on his entering or leaving such service and produce his pocket register to the principal officer of police at such station in order to enable the police officer to record the commencement or termination of the service. The police officer has then to communicate it to the Registrar of the town or district in which such servant was originally registered.

It is obvious that where such a system as this prevails it must ensure a supply of servants which are at once trustworthy and efficient. In Hongkong there is, in the first place, great difficulty in procuring efficient servants, and there is seldom obtainable any satisfactory guarantee of the honesty and trustworthiness of the person engaged. Either they have no written testimonials of any value, or else they exhibit borrowed or stolen certificates, the true ownership of which it is not easy to detect. We infrequently had characters obtain certificates or "book-holds" by these means and the first hint of the fact is given by the discovery of the sudden falling of the newly engaged servants with a collection of valuable. How many cases of this kind have occurred in the Colony in the last ten years? How the Anglo-Indian and Despatched European Association of Calcutta is pressing for an extension of the system to other portions of Bengal, where domestic servants are largely employed. In Hongkong one of the continually recurring stories which illustrate the great need which exists here for a system of registration, in the old days when the compulsory law of 1871 was in force, was that a servant, a woman, was

found to be a registered servant in the Colony and it was not surprising that since that system was abandoned the standard of efficiency and responsibility among domestic servants has steadily degenerated while the scale of wages has steadily increased. The system of registration as it works in Ceylon is that an official known as the Registrar of Domestic Servants keeps a register of all domestic servants employed within his town or district, and he has to enter therein the names of all the servants, the capacities in which they are employed at the time of such registration, the date of their several engagements and such memoranda of their previous service or antecedents as they may desire to have recorded in the register. But the Registrar must satisfy himself as to the credibility of the statements made to him. Any person who may not have been a domestic servant before but who is desirous of entering domestic service, has to submit an application to the Registrar, and if the Registrar is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the applicant is a fit and proper person to enter domestic service he shall enter his name in the register, recording what he has been able to learn respecting the person's antecedents together with the names of any persons who are willing to certify as to his respectability. If the applicant is unable to produce satisfactory or sufficient evidence as to his fitness for domestic service, the Registrar may grant him a "provisional" registration to be thereafter converted into "confirmed" registration according to the result of his subsequent service. If the Registrar is satisfied that the applicant is not a fit and proper person he may withhold registration altogether but in such a case he must report his refusal to register to the Inspector-General of Police. Every person whose name has been registered in the general registry is given a pocket register containing the full particulars of the record made in the general registry. No person has engaged a servant who fails to produce his pocket register or whose pocket register does not record the termination of his last previous service, if any. On engaging a servant the master has to enter forthwith in the pocket register the date and capacity in which such servant is engaged, and cause the servant to attend personally at the Registrar's office to have such entry inserted in the general registry. Similarly, in case the master discharges a servant he must insert in the pocket register the date and cause of his discharge and the character of the servant, provided that if for any reason he is unwilling to give the servant a character or to state the cause of his discharge he may decline to do so, but in such a case he must furnish to the Registrar in writing his reasons for so refusing. If the servant on dismissal fails to produce his pocket register the master must notify that fact to the Registrar. Whenever any fresh entry is made in the pocket register the servant is bound to attend the Registrar's office to have such an entry recorded in the general registry. Every servant whose name is registered shall, if he subsequently enters service in any place not under the operation of the Ordinances, attend personally at the nearest police station on his entering or leaving such service and produce his pocket register to the principal officer of police at such station in order to enable the police officer to record the commencement or termination of the service. The police officer has then to communicate it to the Registrar of the town or district in which such servant was originally registered.

It is obvious that where such a system as this prevails it must ensure a supply of servants which are at once trustworthy and efficient. In Hongkong there is, in the first place, great difficulty in procuring efficient servants, and there is seldom obtainable any satisfactory guarantee of the honesty and trustworthiness of the person engaged. Either they have no written testimonials of any value, or else they exhibit borrowed or stolen certificates, the true ownership of which it is not easy to detect. We infrequently had characters obtain certificates or "book-holds" by these means and the first hint of the fact is given by the discovery of the sudden falling of the newly engaged servants with a collection of valuable. How many cases of this kind have occurred in the Colony in the last ten years? How the Anglo-Indian and Despatched European Association of Calcutta is pressing for an extension of the system to other portions of Bengal, where domestic servants are largely employed. In Hongkong one of the continually recurring stories which illustrate the great need which exists here for a system of registration, in the old days when the compulsory law of 1871 was in force, was that a servant, a woman, was

found to be a registered servant in the Colony and it was not surprising that since that system was abandoned the standard of efficiency and responsibility among domestic servants has steadily degenerated while the scale of wages has steadily increased. The system of registration as it works in Ceylon is that an official known as the Registrar of Domestic Servants keeps a register of all domestic servants employed within his town or district, and he has to enter therein the names of all the servants, the capacities in which they are employed at the time of such registration, the date of their several engagements and such memoranda of their previous service or antecedents as they may desire to have recorded in the register. But the Registrar must satisfy himself as to the credibility of the statements made to him. Any person who may not have been a domestic servant before but who is desirous of entering domestic service, has to submit an application to the Registrar, and if the Registrar is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the applicant is a fit and proper person to enter domestic service he shall enter his name in the register, recording what he has been able to learn respecting the person's antecedents together with the names of any persons who are willing to certify as to his respectability. If the applicant is unable to produce satisfactory or sufficient evidence as to his fitness for domestic service, the Registrar may grant him a "provisional" registration to be thereafter converted into "confirmed" registration according to the result of his subsequent service. If the Registrar is satisfied that the applicant is not a fit and proper person he may withhold registration altogether but in such a case he must report his refusal to register to the Inspector-General of Police. Every person whose name has been registered in the general registry is given a pocket register containing the full particulars of the record made in the general registry. No person has engaged a servant who fails to produce his pocket register or whose pocket register does not record the termination of his last previous service, if any. On engaging a servant the master has to enter forthwith in the pocket register the date and capacity in which such servant is engaged, and cause the servant to attend personally at the Registrar's office to have such entry inserted in the general registry. Similarly, in case the master discharges a servant he must insert in the pocket register the date and cause of his discharge and the character of the servant, provided that if for any reason he is unwilling to give the servant a character or to state the cause of his discharge he may decline to do so, but in such a case he must furnish to the Registrar in writing his reasons for so refusing. If the servant on dismissal fails to produce his pocket register the master must notify that fact to the Registrar. Whenever any fresh entry is made in the pocket register the servant is bound to attend the Registrar's office to have such an entry recorded in the general registry. Every servant whose name is registered shall, if he subsequently enters service in any place not under the operation of the Ordinances, attend personally at the nearest police station on his entering or leaving such service and produce his pocket register to the principal officer of police at such station in order to enable the police officer to record the commencement or termination of the service. The police officer has then to communicate it to the Registrar of the town or district in which such servant was originally registered.

**NATHAN**, no legislation on the subject advocated. We have with us now in Sir Benjamin Syme, a Governor who during his service as Colonial Secretary of Ceylon, had practical experience of the working of a system of registration, and he has, perhaps, been in Hongkong long enough to have gained sufficient experience even in



# SENSATIONAL DISCOVERIES AT KATTOWITZ:

## RESULT OF ALLIED SEARCHES.

# POLAND'S NEW WAR: PERSISTENT REPORTS OF FIGHTING IN LITHUANIA.

# HUNGER-STRIKING LORD MAYOR: MR. LLOYD GEORGES REPLY TO NEW YORK APPEAL.

## LATEST CABLES.

## KATTOWITZ SENSATION.

### RESULT OF ALLIED SEARCH.

Warsaw, September 23rd. It is reported that the Allied search of the German prefecture of police at Kattowitz resulted in the discovery of a considerable secret store of arms and ammunition and confidential documents. The search of the headquarters of the German militants (sic) likewise, led to a find of "astounding" documents.

## THE POLISH SITUATION. REPORTS OF FIGHTING IN LITHUANIA.

LONDON, September 23rd. The Polish-Lithuanian situation is most confusing. Berlin persists in announcing fighting and publishes a Lithuanian semi-official communiqué declaring that the Lithuanians succeeded in driving back the Poles 2,550 yards on the entire Grodno-Suwalki front and gave the names of various places captured.

## EARLIER CABLES.

## REPORTED LITHUANIAN ATTACK.

LONDON, September 23rd. The Poles at length admit that they are having trouble with Lithuania. A communiqué issued at Warsaw yesterday says Lithuanian detachments crossed the frontier laid down by Lord Curzon and attacked Polish cavalry. The communiqué remains silent regarding the outcome of the fighting.

## POLES ATTEMPT TO CUT OFF RETREAT.

Warsaw, September 23rd. The Reds who were endeavouring to envelop Lemberg are now retreating. The Poles are endeavouring to cut off General Budzinski's retreat.

## NEGOTIATIONS BROKEN OFF.

Warsaw, September 23rd. It is announced that negotiations regarding the frontier and the future relations of Poland have been broken off, and the Polish delegates are returning to Warsaw. The Supreme Council has informed the Lithuanians that they propose a new line of demarcation running through Margrabovo, Angustovo and Stungzyn. It is understood that the Lithuanians place the responsibility for hostilities upon the Poles and contend that the Lithuanians were compelled to defend themselves. On the contrary, the Poles claim that the Lithuanians fired first.

## BRITISH SHIP REFUSED PASSAGE THROUGH KIEL CANAL.

Berlin, September 23rd. The *Vostok* Zeitung reports that a British steamer bound from France to Danzig was refused a passage through the Kiel Canal, on the ground that she was carrying a thousand tons of munitions to Poland.

## EX-KAISER UNREPENTANT. SIGNS AS "EMPEROR AND KING."

LONDON, September 23rd. That the ex-Kaiser is still unrepentant is shown by his telegram in answer to congratulations from the Association of German Officers on the occasion of the anniversary of the Battle of Tannenberg. He says: "I heartily thank the officers for their loyal sentiments, and would that the Fatherland might have another Tannenberg—Wilhelm, Emperor and King."

# MINERS' STRIKE MENACE. POSSIBLE MEDIATION BY IMPARTIAL BOARD.

LONDON, September 23rd. The *Sunday Times* publishes an interview with Mr. Smillie, the miners' leader, expressing willingness to accept mediation by an impartial board on the principle of wages being granted commensurate with the real increase in the cost of living and the reduction in the cost of living, preferably brought about by the diminution in the price of coal. Sir Robert Horne has welcomed Mr. Smillie's statement, which he hoped would lead to a settlement.

# VIEWS OF TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

LONDON, September 23rd. The eagerly-awaited Trade Union Congress, which it is hoped will avert the threatened coal strike by securing a mediation between the miners and the Government, opened at Portsmouth to-day. In the presence of over 800 delegates, Mr. H. Thomas, M.P., delivered his presidential address. He said that looking at the position as a whole and abroad he would, indeed, be an optimist who could find occasion for anything but apprehension. Mr. Thomas went on to justify the formation of the Council of Action and declared that the Council was determined to see that the objects for which it was erected, namely, the complete independence of Poland and peace with Russia, was carried out, and having done that, it would be content with the result of its labours. Mr. Thomas did not believe that the workers were anxious to fight against the consolidation of Capitalist interests, merely for the sake of fighting, but the other side must clearly understand that the years of sacrifice which had placed the worker in the position he holds to-day must not be lost and that they would be prepared, not as a section but as a movement, to accept any challenge to their industrial freedom or economic emancipation.

Mr. Thomas, referring to Ireland, said: "The position in Ireland to-day is dangerous, and, sooner or later, cannot fail to result in open conflict, the effects of which would shake the very foundations of the Empire. The Irish people can still be made friends of England. Let the Government drop the present Bill and cement that friendship with a bold and clear recognition of Dominion Home Rule. Let the Government realise that militarism in Ireland had failed as it was bound to fail. You cannot drag on a nation by the sword."

# SIR ROBERT HORNE'S VIEWS.

LONDON, September 23rd. As regards Mr. Smillie's declaration last evening, accepting the principle of mediation, Sir Robert Horne interviewed, said the Government would gladly let the Industrial Court decide concerning the miners' demand for increased wages, and the Court, if the miners desired, could include representatives of the employers and also miners.

Sir Robert Horne was of opinion that the Miners' Federation objected to an industrial Court, but pointed out that nearly all the other great Trade Unions of the country had resorted to it, and that the Court, in recent times, had proved of great efficacy.

Sir Robert Horne added that Mr. Smillie's statement appeared to offer a loophole for an ultimate settlement, even falling a reference to the Industrial Court. Finally, he emphasised that the supreme necessity at present was the production of coal, and that increased production would justify a reconsideration of the whole wages question.

# SOCIALISATION OF MINES IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, September 23rd. The so-called Socialisation Committee has concluded its deliberations on the question of socialising the coal-mines. The opinion of the Committee is divided, one party favouring an immediate and complete socialisation, while the other proposes a gradual socialisation with present retention of private capital. The Committee was unanimous of opinion that a far-reaching elimination of the capitalist profits of coal-mining was requisite.

The majority report recommends the formation of an Imperial Coal Council which will have over all the profits to the State and fix the prices. The Council to include representatives of officials, miners and consumers.

# IRISH UPHEAVAL. SINN FEINNERS NEW BURE.

LONDON, September 23rd. An official report from Dublin announces a new Sinn Feinn bureau. Sinn Feinners wearing military uniforms appeared at the Police Barracks at Boland's Fort, near the building unopposed, whipped out their revolvers and paraded the Garrison's wings they locked up in an outbreak. Others, meanwhile, locked the doors of a church where the remainder of the Garrison were attending Mass. The raiders subsequently drove off in automobiles with all arms and equipment.

# THE CASE OF THE LORD MAYOR OF CORK.

LONDON, September 23rd. Mr. Bonar Law, replying to the Labour Party's appeal for the release of the Lord Mayor of Cork, pointed out that Mr. McSwiney was one of the leaders of the Irish Republican Army which had declared itself at war with the forces of the Crown, and according to his own written word in one of the seditious documents in his possession for which he was convicted, he and his followers were determined to pursue their ends, asking for no mercy and making no compromise. He was arrested while actively conducting the affairs of the rebel organisation under the cover of a Mayoral court. Had he been taken at his word and dealt with as an avowed rebel according to the circumstances of his capture, he would have been liable immediately to be shot. Instead, he was tried by a legally constituted tribunal and sentenced to a moderate term of imprisonment and given immediately all the privileges of a political prisoner.

From the moment of his arrest, he sought to defeat the ends of justice and reduce the authority of the Crown to impotence by refusing food, no doubt in the belief that that course would lead to his speedy release. It is the clear duty of the Government not only to take every step possible to suppress disorder in Ireland, but also to protect those brave men who are carrying on their duties as servants of the Crown in daily peril of their lives. To release prisoners, who, like the Lord Mayor, had been guilty of complicity in a movement which uses as one of its main instruments assassination and outrage, would be nothing short of a betrayal of those loyal officers on whose devotion to duty the fabric of social order in Ireland rests. Since the arrest of the Lord Mayor, Sinn Feinn officers have been brutally and treacherously done to death without even a chance of defending themselves. Survivors' sympathy which had been given in such full measure to the Lord Mayor, whose condition had been brought about by his own deliberate act, is due rather to the bereaved widows and families of murdered Irish policemen.

The Government fully realises how large a part sentiment plays in all human affairs, and if it were possible, they would gladly have taken the attitude of the English King who said of his opponent: "He is determined to make himself a martyr; and I am equally determined to prevent it." Greatly of the Government sympathies with those who desire to see peace and order restored in Ireland, they cannot take a course, which, as the Prime Minister has said, would inevitably lead to a complete breakdown of the whole machinery of law and government. The policy of the Government had been made clear from the outset and if the Lord Mayor dies in prison the responsibility will rest in some degree upon those who, by their repeated appeals, have encouraged the belief that the Government would prove lenient in their determination and in the hope that, notwithstanding all declarations to the contrary, this misguided action would lead eventually to his release.

It is reported that the condition of Mr. McSwiney was unchanged this evening.

# NEW YORK MAYOR CABLES THE PREMIER.

NEW YORK, September 23rd. Mayor Hyland has cabled to Mr. Lloyd George urging him not to disregard our war aims by further imprisoning the Lord Mayor whose heroic fortitude has won the admiration of all who believe in the rule of the people by the people.

# MR. LLOYD GEORGES' REPLY.

LONDON, September 23rd. Mr. Lloyd George, replying to the request by Mayor Hyland of New York for the release of the Lord Mayor of Cork, stated, briefly, that he cannot interfere with the course of justice and the law.

# COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, September 23rd. The following visit of the County of Glamorgan to the Glamorgan Cricket Club, was held at the Glamorgan Cricket Ground, Cardiff, on September 22nd. The Glamorgan team, captained by the Glamorgan Cricket Club, defeated the Glamorgan Cricket Club, by 10 wickets.

# SITUATION IN MESOPOTAMIA. MORE TRAINS HELD UP.

LONDON, September 23rd. A War Office communiqué states that an unarmoured train and a train with refugees were held up by Arab bands at Islatat, 10 miles north-west of Baghdad. As the railway line was cut in two places, strong resistance was encountered from the insurgents who entrenched themselves behind some broken ground. Slight casualties were suffered. A repair train with troops is proceeding to Islatat to extricate the stranded trains and aeroplanes are co-operating.

# ANOTHER POLITICAL OFFICER MURDERED.

BOMBAY, September 23rd. Captain G. H. Salmon, of the Sixth Devonshire Regiment, Assistant Political Officer at Kifra, whose Arab tribesmen captured last week, has been murdered. Anxiety has been renewed as regards Captain Lloyd and Mrs. Buchanan who were captured on August 30th.

# FRENCH TROOPS IN DAMASCUS. ARAB TRIBES COMBINE TO ATTACK.

ALEXANDRIA, September 23rd. Arab tribes in Hama have come to a mutual agreement to attack the French in Damascus. It is stated that French troops sent to Hama recently were defeated and Damascus is now threatening. There are about 12,000 troops in Damascus.

# BRUSSELS FINANCIAL COMMITTEE. QUESTION OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL.

LONDON, September 23rd. The League of Nations announces that the Committee connected with the Brussels Financial Conference will meet in Paris on September 18th to examine the principles on which expenses of the League should be distributed among the members. The Committee will include a representative of India.

The League's Transit and Organization Committee will meet at Barcelona in January to deal with questions affecting international travel with a view to eliminating the present inconveniences, to re-establish normal conditions, simplify the customs formalities, and secure better regulations for obtaining passports, and visas, and the reduction of fees for such. Ex-territory countries are invited to send representatives to a special sub-committee.

# ELECTRICAL TRADES DISPUTE. COURT OF INQUIRY APPOINTED.

LONDON, September 23rd. As regards the Electrical Trades lock-out, the Minister of Labour made a statement this evening that as the resumed negotiations, which had continued since September 3rd, had failed to end the dispute, he had decided in view of public anxiety and the desirability of furnishing the public with an impartial statement on the question, to appoint, under the Industrial Courts Act of 1919, a Court of Inquiry to investigate the cause and circumstances of the dispute. The Minister has suggested to both parties, pending the report of the Court of Inquiry, a suspension of work by the strikers and the suspension of the lock-out notices by the employers.

# TYPHUS EPIDEMIC IN POLAND AND GALICIA. MAY BECOME AN INTERNATIONAL MENACE.

LONDON, September 23rd. Owing to the danger of the typhus epidemic in Poland and Galicia becoming an international menace, Mr. A. J. P. Delbo, on behalf of the League of Nations Council, has appealed to the various governments for an immediate provision of a quarter million sterling of the ten million sterling required for combating the menace. He emphasises that the recent military events have made the need for relief more urgent.

# A CORRECTION.

LONDON, September 23rd. In the *Sinle* message announcing the forthcoming visit of the Crown Prince of Siam to India, and Prince Anandadit of the Siam General Staff, it was stated that the Crown Prince was to visit India. The correct statement is that the Crown Prince was to visit India.

# AMERICAN AND BRITISH ATHLETES MEET. BRITISH EMPIRE'S SUCCESSORS.

LONDON, September 23rd. The Queen's Club ground at West Kensington was packed this afternoon with spectators to watch the great athletic trials between the British Empire and American champions, newly members of the Olympic teams, including the prize-winners. The programme included five relay races. The British Empire won the Half a Mile Relay Race by six yards, in 1 min. 29.3 seconds.

The British Empire also won the Two Miles Relay Race by 35 yards, in 1 min. 53.1 seconds. Earl Thompson, a Canadian competing for the British Empire, won the 190 yards Hurdles in 14.4 seconds, which was a record. America won the Four Hundred Yards Relay Race.

The British Empire won the Mile Relay Race by six yards, in 3 min. 19.2 seconds. In the High Jump Howard Baker (England) won, jumping off 31 inches. London (America) was second, his height being 31.25 inches.

America won the 400 yards Relay Race by twelve yards, in 39 seconds. America won the Two Mile Team Race. In the Broad Jump, the Americans Hamilton and Marchant, tied for first place with a jump of twenty-two feet each. The 400 Yards Hurdles was won by Smart (America) who beat West (America) by a foot, the time being 58.7.5 seconds.

The Four Miles Relay Race was won by America, by seventy yards, in 16 min. 8.4 seconds.

The match thus resulted in a tie, each side winning five events.

# CHINESE MARKETS. DEMAND FOR AUSTRALIAN PRODUCTS.

A correspondent at Hobart, writing to *The Times*, "Trade Supplement," says that according to the Australian manager of the Hongkong Mercantile Co., Ltd., Mr. A. N. Bishop, who has been visiting China at present for the sale of various commodities which Australia can supply.

He pointed out that the demand for Australian products, and as the Southern ports of the Commonwealth are only about twelve days' steaming from Hongkong, the geographical position of Australia is exceptionally favourable for trade with China. Mr. Bishop's mission is to ascertain the possibilities of arranging for the shipment to China of large consignments of wool and canned fruits, as well as timber and such other products as may be suitable. He stated that the depletion of the available timber supplies had created a special demand for Tasmanian hardwood, and a single order for 157,000 railway sleepers was at present in urgent need of fulfilment for the Canton railways now under construction. Mr. Bishop also stated that while fruit was much sought after, prices of 30s. per case at Singapore and 50s. per case at Hongkong did not allow of general purchase. He mentioned that the Hongkong Mercantile Co., Ltd., controlled a fleet of 35 steamers, and was making every endeavour to provide for the transport of perishable goods in refrigerated chambers. It was at present negotiating with the Commonwealth for the purchase of five wooden steamers. A message could be provided for everything, Tasmania had to offer.

# THE WAR ON MALARIA. FRENCH SCIENTIST'S NEW METHOD.

Some further details have been obtained from the Pasteur Institute of the method, recently announced by M. Roubaud, of destroying the malarial mosquito by spraying the water where it breeds with powdered formalin.

M. Roubaud points out that his method is only intended for the destruction of the Anopheles mosquito, the most dangerous of all the species, because it transmits the germ of malaria in a very peculiar way to its hosts. The larvae of this species feed on the surface of the water. Their development consists of three stages, the first of which is the most dangerous, as it is the only one in which the mosquito is susceptible to the malarial germ. The second stage is the most dangerous, as it is the only one in which the mosquito is susceptible to the malarial germ. The third stage is the most dangerous, as it is the only one in which the mosquito is susceptible to the malarial germ.

# THE WAR ON MALARIA. FRENCH SCIENTIST'S NEW METHOD.

Some further details have been obtained from the Pasteur Institute of the method, recently announced by M. Roubaud, of destroying the malarial mosquito by spraying the water where it breeds with powdered formalin.

M. Roubaud points out that his method is only intended for the destruction of the Anopheles mosquito, the most dangerous of all the species, because it transmits the germ of malaria in a very peculiar way to its hosts. The larvae of this species feed on the surface of the water. Their development consists of three stages, the first of which is the most dangerous, as it is the only one in which the mosquito is susceptible to the malarial germ. The second stage is the most dangerous, as it is the only one in which the mosquito is susceptible to the malarial germ. The third stage is the most dangerous, as it is the only one in which the mosquito is susceptible to the malarial germ.



















